

Exploiting Game Engines For Fun & Profit Luigi Auriemma & Donato Ferrante





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Re-V/ho P

- Vulnerability Research
- Consulting
- Penetration Testing





Agenda

- Introduction
- Game Engines

Attacking Game Engines

- Fragmented Packets
- Compression
- Game Protocols
- MODs
- Master Servers
- Real World
- Conclusion

Theory about how to find vulnerabilities in game engines

Real world examples

Introduction

- Thousands of potential attack vectors (games)
- Millions of potential targets (players)

Very attractive for attackers



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But wait...



Gamers

Unreal Engine => Licensed to FBI and US Air Force

- Epic Games Powers US Air Force Training With Unreal Engine 3 Web Player From Virtual Heroes.
- In March 2012, the FBI licensed Epic's Unreal Development Kit to use in a simulator for training.



• **Real Virtuality =>** It's used in military training simulators

- VBS1
- VBS2



 Virtual3D => Mining, Excavation, Industrial, Engineering and other GIS & CAD-based Visualizations with Real-time GPS-based Animation and Physical Simulation on a Virtual Earth => SCADA



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Different people but they have something in common.. They are potential attack vectors

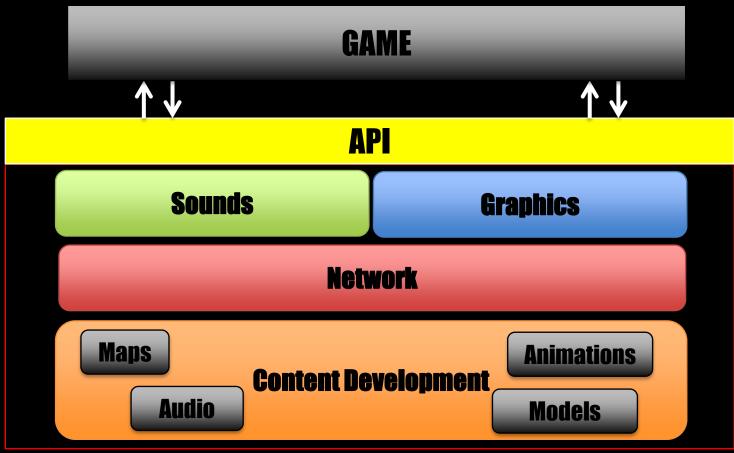
- When they go back home, they play games
- When they play games, they become targets
- And most importantly, their Companies become targets

Game Engines



Game Engines What

• A Game Engine is the **Kernel** for a Game



Game Engines Land LEGO

• A Game Engine is basically a **Pre-Built Piece** where developers can plug new pieces on...



Game Engines [Examples]

- Several games share the same game engine
- The most popular game engines on the market are:
 - **Source**: Team Fortress 2, DOTA 2, Half Life 2, etc.
 - **CryEngine**: Crysis series
 - **UnrealEngine**: Unreal Tournament series
 - idTech: Quake series, DOOM 3, etc.
- But.. We are NOT developers. We are bug-hunters, we care about the consequences of using game engines :]

Game Engines [BugMath]

Some Math

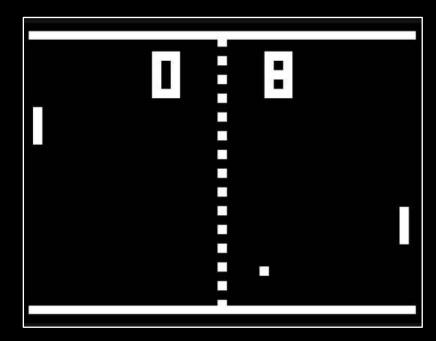
- 1 Game => 1 Game Engine
- 1 Game Engine => N Games



- In Other Words
 - 1 vulnerability in a Game => 1 Game affected
 - 1 vulnerability in a Game Eng. => N Games affected

Is this game <mark>using</mark> a Game Engine?

- Be careful before making assumptions
 - i.e. "This game has NO game engine!"
- Every Game has a Game Engine
 - Even PONG..
 - Game Engine functionality must be there
- It's just a matter of how many other games share the same engine



Attacking Games Without Considering Game Engines

- Just see unrelated/isolated components
- Missing a potential big attack vector..
 - Reducing the impact of potential issues
- If we don't take in account Game Engines...





Attacking Games Via Game Engines

- Even the smallest issue in a game engine can be a very valuable issue
- We can affect several different targets at once
- If we take in account engines..



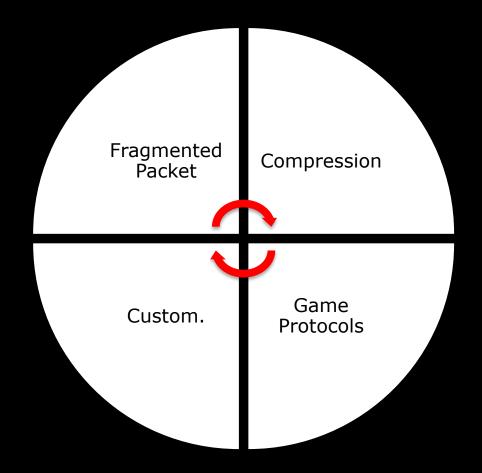


Checkmate

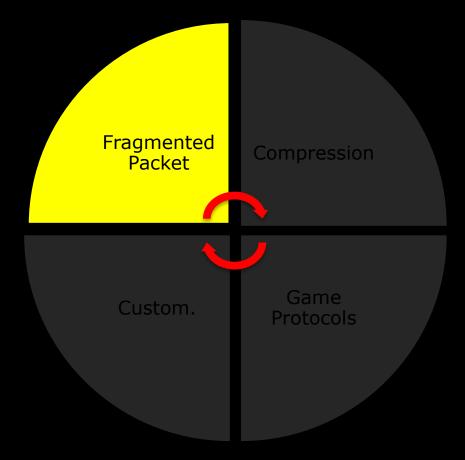
Attacking Game Engines



The Attack Plan



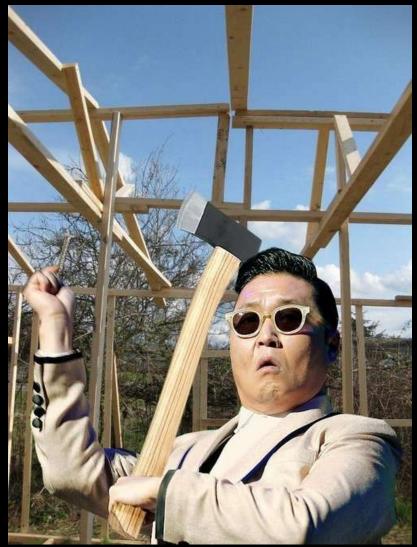
The Attack Plan



Fragmented Packets

- **Network** support level
- Used in the **TCP-Over-UDP** implementation
- A fragmented packet is a UDP packet:
 - 1. POS: position of the current packet in the given stream
 - 2. SIZE: current data size
 - 3. DATA: current data
 - 4. OTHER: implementation dependent stuff
- Requires 2 engine actions: Splitting and Rebuilding

Splitting



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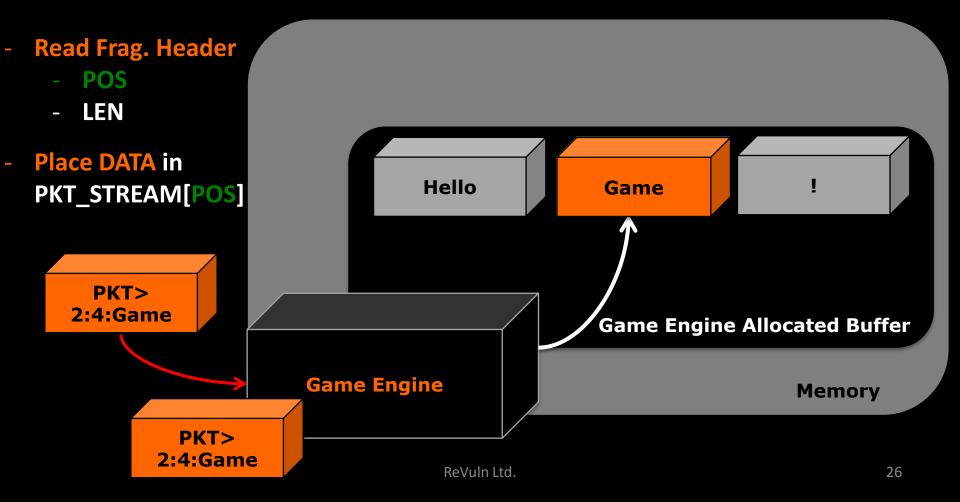
Splitting

Fragmented Packets PKT><u>1:6</u>:Hello **Original Packet PKT>**2:4:Game **Hello Game!** PKT><u>3:1</u>:! Engine POS (Splitting) SIZE DATA

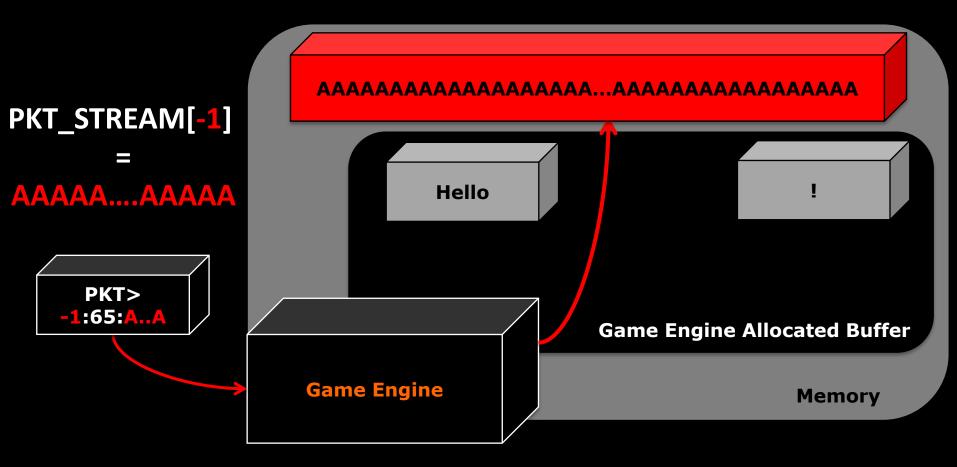
Rebuilding



Rebuilding [SUPPOSED]



Rebuilding [ACTUAL]



Rebuilding [ALGORITHM]



while(true)

```
[ do stuff ] FACEPALM
[ do stuff ] You're doing it wrong
pkt = get_packet( )
buff = allocate( pkt.size ) < Missing checks on pkt.size
buff[ pkt.pos ] = pkt.data < Missing checks on pkt.pos</pre>
```

[do more stuff]

Fragmented Packets [WaitWhat]

- Corner-cases are the best :]
- What about **truncated** fragmented packets?
- ENGINE SPECIFIC
- RARE bad packet => drop packet
- USUAL mixing data coming from different packets, and so on... Hello memory corruption :]

Fragmented Packets Examples

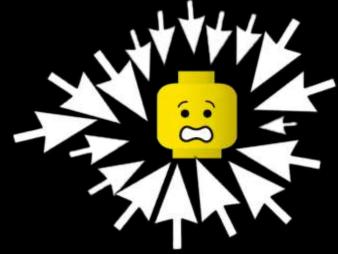
- Several Games, Game Engines and libraries affected:
 - Source Engine
 - Counterstrike Source
 - Team Fortress 2
 - More..
 - CryEngine
 - American's Army 3
 - ENet Library



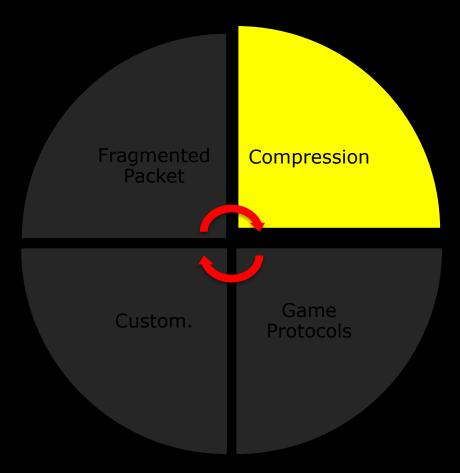


Fragmented Packets Exploitation

- Easy to exploit fragmented packet issues
- Game engines are usually written in C++
- Tons of function pointers around
- Need more :]?



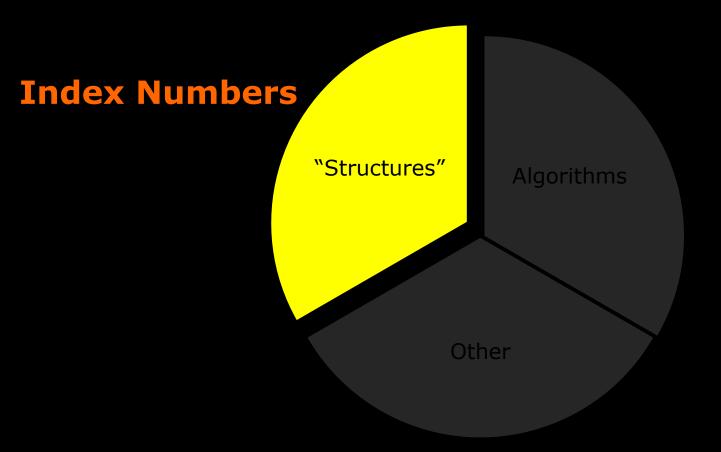
The Attack Plan



Compression

Algorithms

Compression

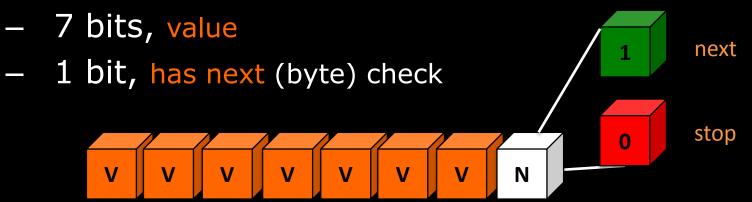


Compression [Index Numbers]

- A way to represent numbers
- Store/Transmit numbers in an efficient way
 - Using the minimum amount of bits
- Number = [sequence of bits] = 4-bytes
 - Average case: 1,2 bytes
 - Worst case: 5 bytes
- Two types:
 - Unsigned
 - Signed

Compression Index Numbers

General way for 32 bit (unsigned):



- To get an idea:

 - Or it needs more bits =>

Compression Index Numbers

- General way for 32 bit (signed):
 - 1st byte:
 - 1 bit, sign
 - 6 bits, value
 - 1 bit, has next (byte) check



- From the 2nd onwards:
 - same as the unsigned version

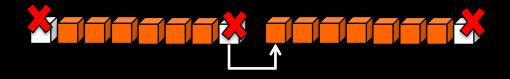
next

stop

1

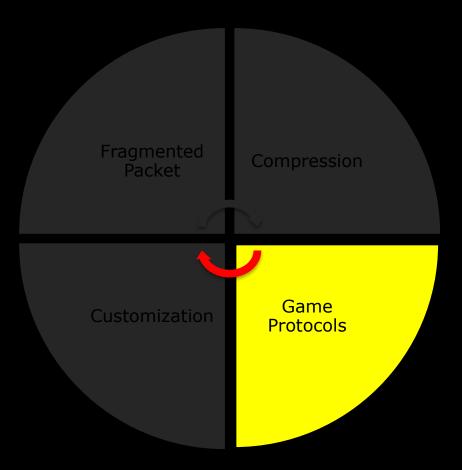
Compression Index Numbers

- Looking for interesting bugs ?
 - Think about flipping the first/last bit



- Very often integer overflows
- Easy to exploit

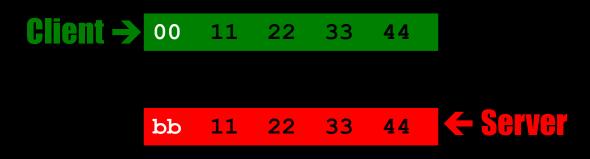
The Attack Plan



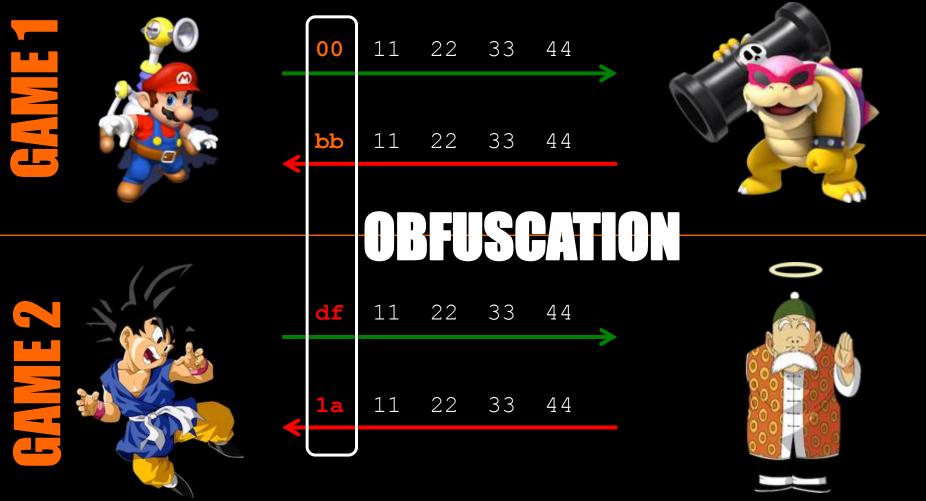
Game Protocol Opcodes

 Suppose that we have found a vulnerability in a game engine shared between 2 different games

• We have found the game protocol, and the opcodes for the first protocol handshake are:



Game Protocol Opcodes



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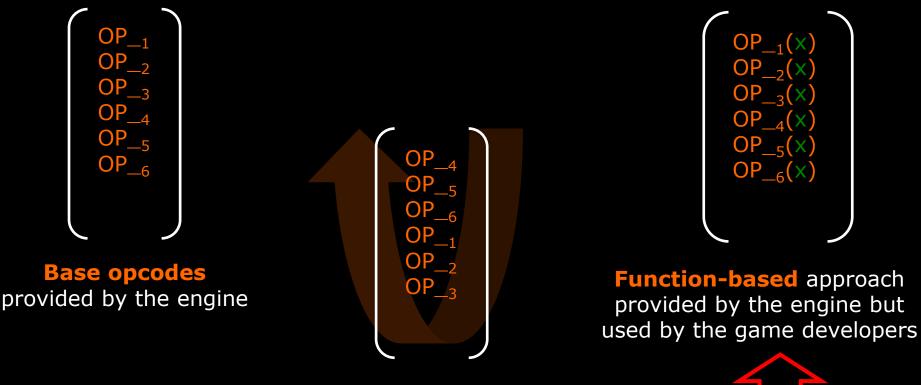
Game Protocol [Opcodes]

- Why should we care?
 - If we want to be able to write cross-game exploits we need to understand these concepts



Interesting approach:
 – Protocol Tables

Game Protocol | Protocol Table |



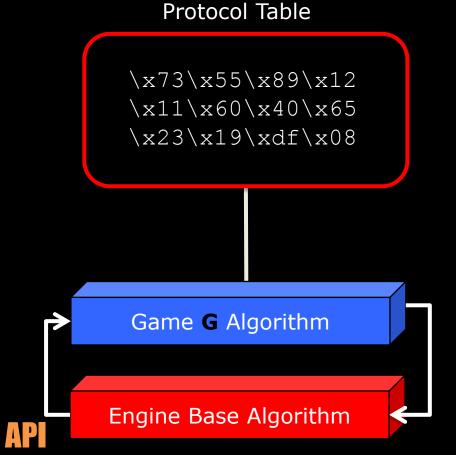
Permutation-based approach provided by the engine but used by the game developers

Game Protocol [Runtime Generation]

- The protocol table appears in memory (only) at Runtime
- Good news it's constant for each game

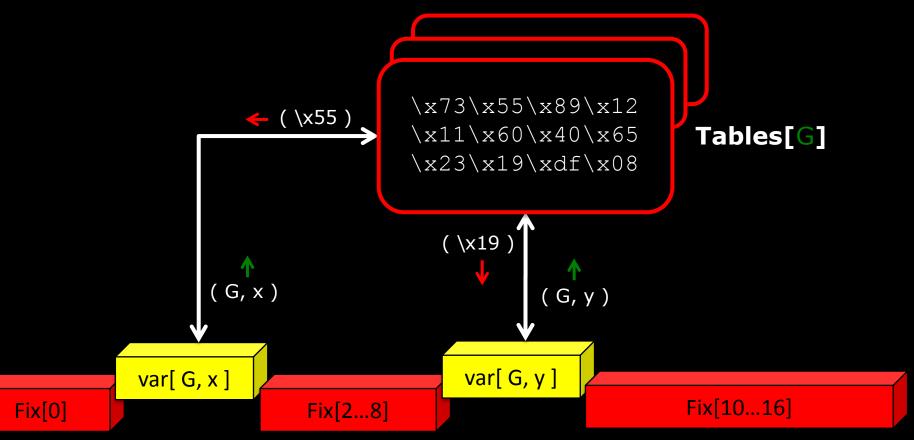
Bad news

we need to get the table for each Game using the target Game Engine

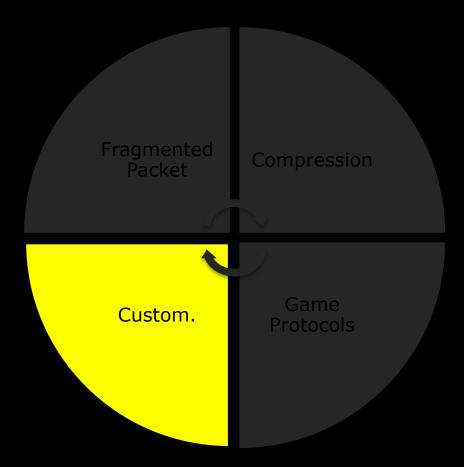


Game Protocol Exploitation

X_Game_Exploit ~ Engine_Exploit_Template(G)



The Attack Plan



Customization MODs

- Game engines allow users to load custom MODs:
 - Animations
 - Maps
 - Model
 - Sounds
 - Etc

- Maps are interesting because:
 - Complex binary formats (fuzzing..)
 - Complex parsing routines (IDA..)
 - Automatically downloaded from the Servers
 - A bug mine :]



Customization [CMD line]

Game engines allow users to start games with
 custom command line arguments

Usually local issues/features => local exploit => sad..

- But! Thanks to Origin and Steam an attacker can exploit these local issues/features remotely.
 - Hello RCE :]
 - Please refer to our previous research on Origin and Steam security for additional info.

Customization [CMD line]

- Command line switch to check for interesting effects:
 - 1) **Devmode**: to enable most of the fun things :]
 - Supposed to be used to debug/test/mess with customizations
 - 2) Loading: to load arbitrary files in memory or on arbitrary locations on the victim's system
 - Supposed to be used to load external (local) content like:
 - maps
 - sounds
 - models
 - Etc.

3) Logging: to write custom files on the victim's system

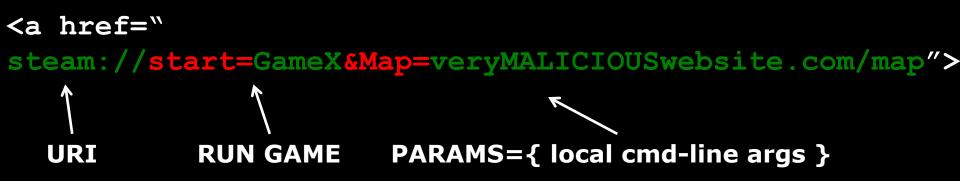
Supposed to be used to log game customization or in-game events

Customization | CMD line

Expected Usage (local exec):

gameX.exe -map myNewAmazingMap

Unexpected Usage (remote exec):]



Please refer to our paper on Steam for a real/complete steam:// link example.

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Master Servers



Master Servers [What]

- Master Servers are online database for games
 - Info about Servers => Hosted by Companies & Players
 - Sometimes info about Clients => Players
- Useful for developers

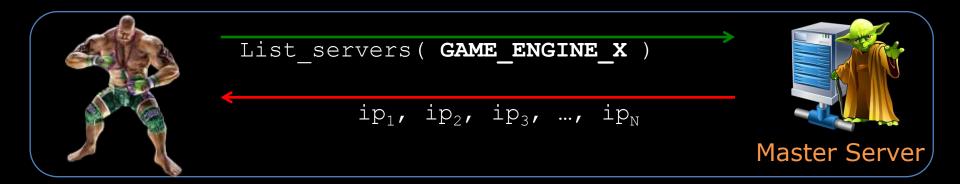
 Matchmaking
- Useful for players

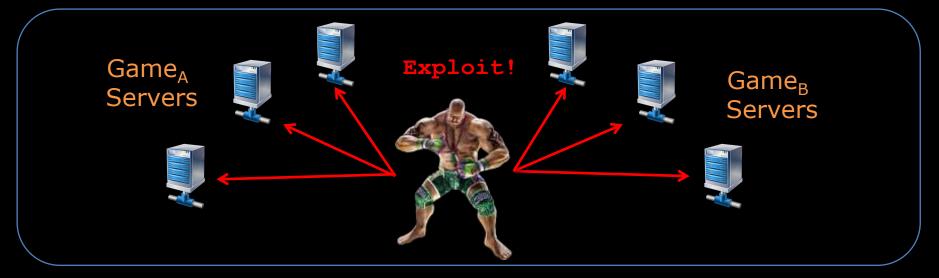
 Finding match to join
- Useful for attackers

 Finding victims/targets



Master Servers How





Real World



idTech 4 (O-days)



Quake Wars



Brink





- idTech 4, exposes an interesting function
 - idBitMsg::ReadData(..)
- This function is used both:
 - Server-side
 - Client-side
- Attackers have twice the fun



 This function is available in all the games using this engine

But some games don't call the function in a vulnerable way, like DOOM 3

• For other games there are several places where there is a call to this function...

- In Quake Wars
 - the function is called in a bad way Client-side

- In Brink
 - the function is called in a bad way Server-side

 Let's take a look at some 0-days related to this function...

```
int idBitMsg::ReadData( void *data, int length ) const {
   int cnt;
   ReadByteAlign();
   cnt = readCount;
   if ( readCount + length > curSize ) {
       if (data) {
           memcpy( data, readData + readCount, GetRemaingData() );
       }
       readCount = curSize;
   } else {
       if ( data ) {
           memcpy( data, readData + readCount, length );
       }
       readCount += length;
                                                      From the Engine
   }
                                                      GPL Source Code
   return ( readCount - cnt );
```

idTech 4 [The Function] (O-day)

int idBitMsg::ReadData(void *data, int length) const {

```
int cnt;
```

```
ReadByteAlign();
```

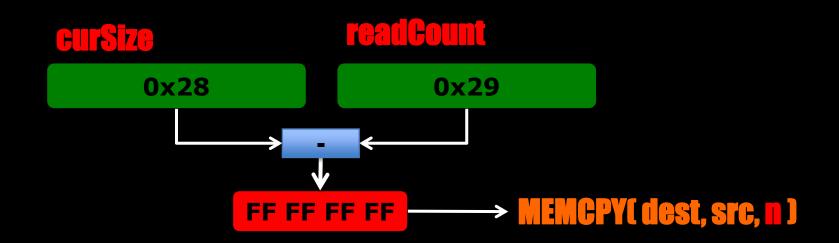
```
cnt = readCount;
```

```
if ( readCount + length > curSize ) {
    if ( data ) {
        memcpy( data, readData + readCount, GetRemaingData() );
    }
    readCount = curSize;
} else {
    if ( data ) {
        memcpy( data, readData + readCount, length );
    }
    readCount += length;
}
return ( readCount - cnt );
```

idTech 4 [The Function] (O-day)

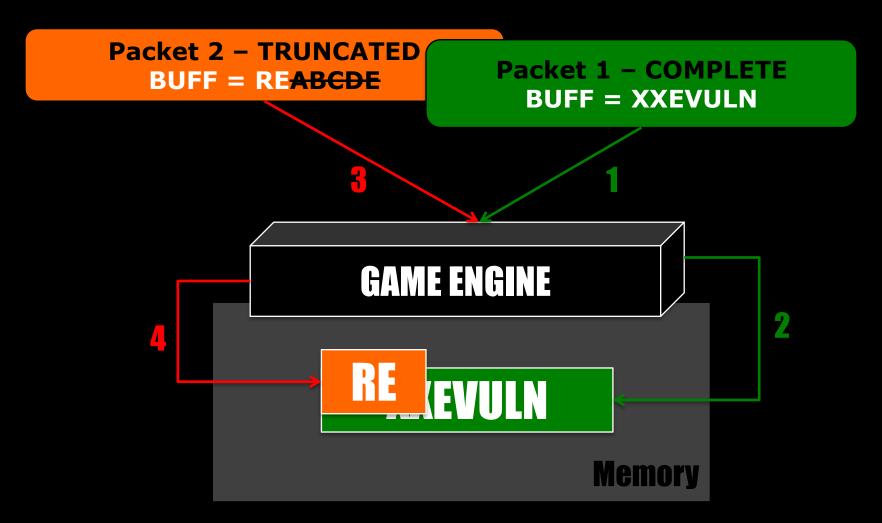
```
int idBitMsg::ReadData( void *data, int length ) const {
   int cnt;
   ReadByteAlign();
                                                    curSize - readCount
   cnt = readCount;
   if ( readCount + length > curSize ) {
       if (data) {
            memcpy( data, readData + readCount, GetRemaingData() );
                                                                         BUG #2
        readCount = curSize;
     else
       if (data) {
            memcpy( data, readData + readCount, length );
        readCount += length;
   return ( readCount - cnt );
```

idTech 4 BUG #2



0070BE35	MOV EDX, DWORD PTR DS: [ESI+4]	
0070BE38	SUB EAX, EDI	;	0x28 - 0x29
0070BE3A	PUSH EAX	;	/ n
0070BE3B	ADD EDX,EDI	;	
0070BE3D	PUSH EDX	;	Src
0070BE3E	PUSH ECX	;	dest
0070BE3F	CALL < JMP. & MSVCR90.memcpy>		

idTech 4 | BUG #2 - EXPLOIT |



idTech 4 [The Function] (O-day)

```
int idBitMsg::ReadData( void *data, int length ) const {
   int cnt;
   ReadByteAlign();
                                               The caller does NOT verify
   cnt = readCount;
                                                   the length parameter
                                                      like in Brink )
   if ( readCount + length > curSize ) {
                                                           5
        if (data) {
            memcpy( data, readData + readCount, GetRemaingData() );
        readCount = curSize;
     else {
        if (data) {
            memcpy( data, readData + readCount, length );
                                                                          BUG #3
        readCount += length;
```

```
return ( readCount - cnt );
```

idTech 4 [BUG #3]



- 0070BE38 SUB EAX, EDI
- 0070BE3A PUSH EAX
- 0070BE3B ADD EDX,EDI
- 0070BE3D PUSH EDX
- 0070BE3E PUSH ECX

- ; /n
- ;
- ; |src
- ; |dest
- 0070BE3F CALL < JMP. & MSVCR90.memcpy>

SRC up to 1400 bytes & DEST max 1000 bytes

idTech 4 Quake 4

QUAKE

ReV

CUSTOMIZED ENGINE idTech 4



idTech 4 [Quake 4]

- The **GetInfo** packet is handled in an interesting way
- The engine checks if the packet has been sent from the Master Server:
 - q4master.idsoftware.com
- But an attacker can spoof the IP of the Master Server
- And..



DISGUISE SKILL Spoofing MASTER SERVERS

idTech 4 [Quake 4] (O-day)

10051B30	/.	55	PUSH EBP		
10051B31	.	8BEC	MOV EBP,ESP		
10051B33	.	83E4 F8	AND ESP, FFFFFF8		
10051B36	.	6A FF	PUSH -1		
10051B38	.	68 072E2810	PUSH 10282E07		
10051B3D	.	64:A1 00000000	MOV EAX, DWORD PTR FS:[0]		
10051B43	.	50	PUSH EAX		
10051B44	.	64:8925 00000000	MOV DWORD PTR FS:[0],ESP		Installs SE handler 10282E07
10051B4B	.	81EC 28050000	SUB ESP,528		
[]					
10051BB7	.	6A F0	PUSH -10		/Arg1 = -10
10051BB9	.	8BCE	MOV ECX,ESI		
10051BBB	1.	E8 30381D00	CALL ReadBits	;	\Quake4Ded.ReadBits (loop 1)
[]					
10051C06	.	6A F0	PUSH -10		/Arg1 = -10
10051C08	.		MOV ECX,ESI		
10051C0A	1.	E8 E1371D00	CALL ReadBits	;	\Quake4Ded.ReadBits (loop 2)
[]					
10051C31	>		PUSH -10		/Arg1 = -10
10051C33	.	8BCE	MOV ECX,ESI		
10051C35	۱.	E8 B6371D00	CALL ReadBits	;	\Quake4Ded.ReadBits (loop 3)
[]					
10051C50	>		/MOV ECX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+8]		
10051C53	.	6A 20			/Arg1 = 20
10051C55	١.	E8 96371D00	CALL ReadBits		\Quake4Ded.ReadBits (our value)
10051C5A	•		MOV ECX, DWORD PTR DS: [102F8404	1]	
10051C60	.	50	PUSH EAX		
10051C61		8907	MOV DWORD PTR DS:[EDI],EAX		stack based buffer-overflow

Customized Engines Unreal Engine 3



Customized Engines Unreal Engine 3

- Some games use customized versions of this engine
- But they don't always change for the better...
- Especially from the Security point-of-view
- The following slides give examples of issues introduced by customizations for the Unreal Engine 3..



Homefront (O-day)

- Some RCON affected commands:
 - CT < negative number> => 16-bit off the buffer set to 0
 - CT < negative number> => stack-based overflow

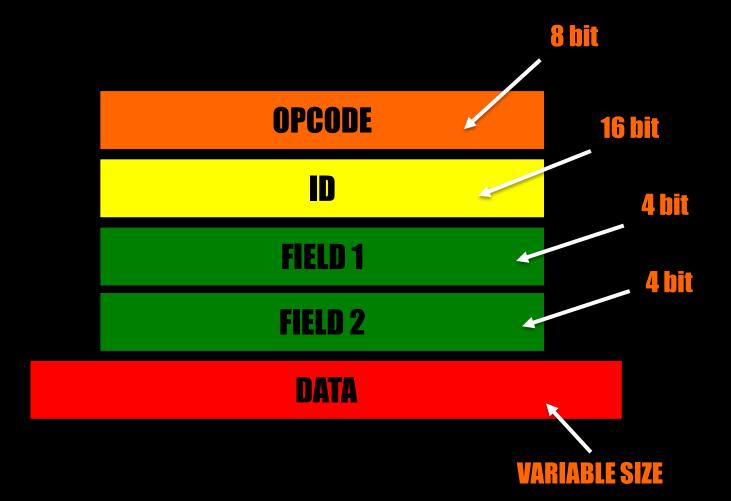
Monday Night Combat (O-day)

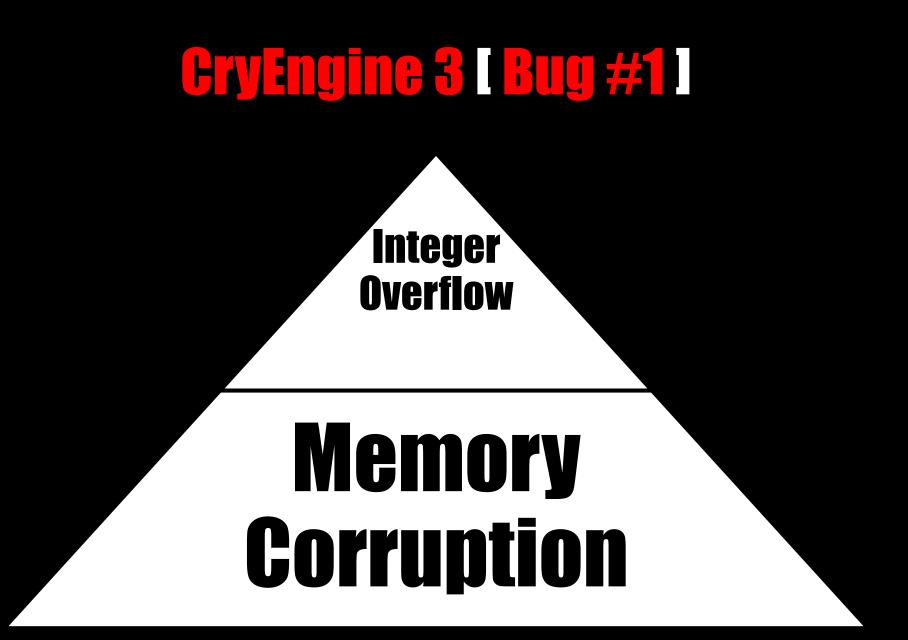
- Array overflow => Heap Corruption => RCE
 - Caused by additional Steam-related commands
 - **STEAM_AUTHBLOB** SUBBLOB=123 NUMSUBBLOBS=1 AUTHBLOBSTRING=aa...aa

00A8B9EA		ADD EAX, EAX				
; array[SU	BBTOB][15]					
00A8B9EC	. 8B4C02 04	MOV ECX, DWORD PTR DS: [EDX+EAX+4]				
00A8B9F0	. 3BCD	CMP ECX,EBP				
; ECX must be 0 or 1						
00A8B9F2	. 74 09	JE SHORT MNCDS.00A8B9FD				
[]						
00A8B9FD	> 8D4C24 28	LEA ECX,DWORD PTR SS:[ESP+28]				
00A8BA01	. 51	PUSH ECX				
00A8BA02	. 8D0C02	LEA ECX,DWORD PTR DS:[EDX+EAX]				
; heap corruption with AUTHBLOBSTRING						
00A8BA05	. E8 C6C59EFF	CALL MNCDS.00477FD0				
00A8BA0A	. 8D4C24 28	LEA ECX,DWORD PTR SS:[ESP+28]				
00A8BA0E	. C78424 C0[]FF	MOV DWORD PTR SS:[ESP+8C0],-1				
00A8BA19	. E8 52C3C3FF	CALL MNCDS.006C7D70				
00A8BA1E	. E9 3E0E0000	JMP MNCDS.00A8C861				

CryEngine 3 (O-days)

CryEngine 3 Fragmented Packet





CryEngine 3 Bug #1



Memory Corruption

Integer Overflow Via Fragmented Packets (O-day)

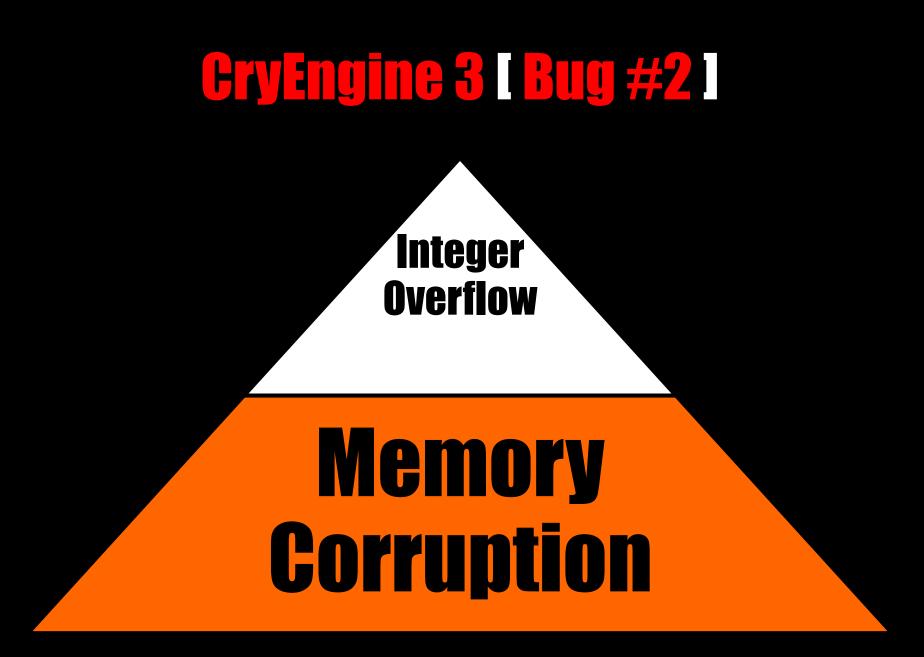
395818D7	MOV EDX, DWORD PTR DS: [ESI]	; packet size (=2) < 4
[]		
395818E3	SUB EDX,4	; 2 - 4
395818E6	PUSH EDX	
395818E7	ADD EAX,4	
395818EA	PUSH EAX	
395818EB	LEA ECX, [EDI+ECX+23]	
395818EF	PUSH ECX	
395818F0	CALL <jmp. &msvcr100.memcpy=""></jmp.>	

CRYSIS_OPCODE (0x93)

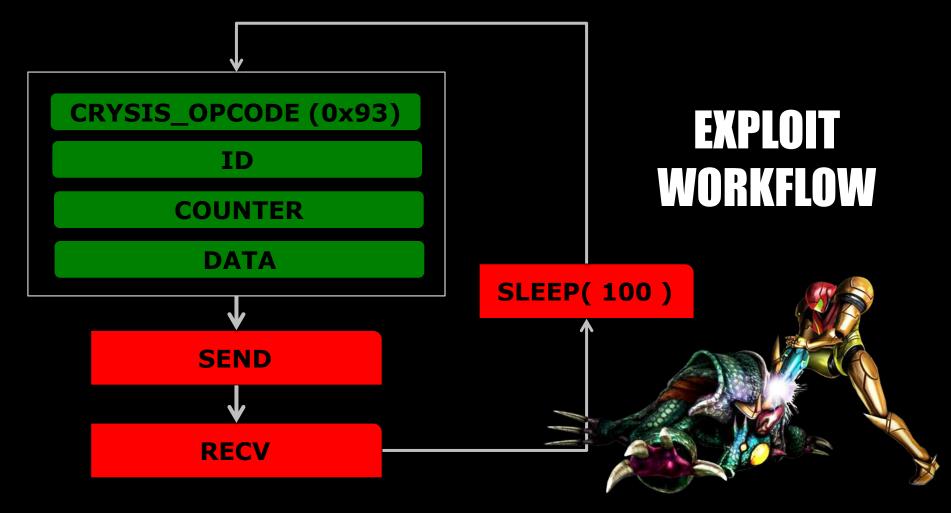
I Itruncated



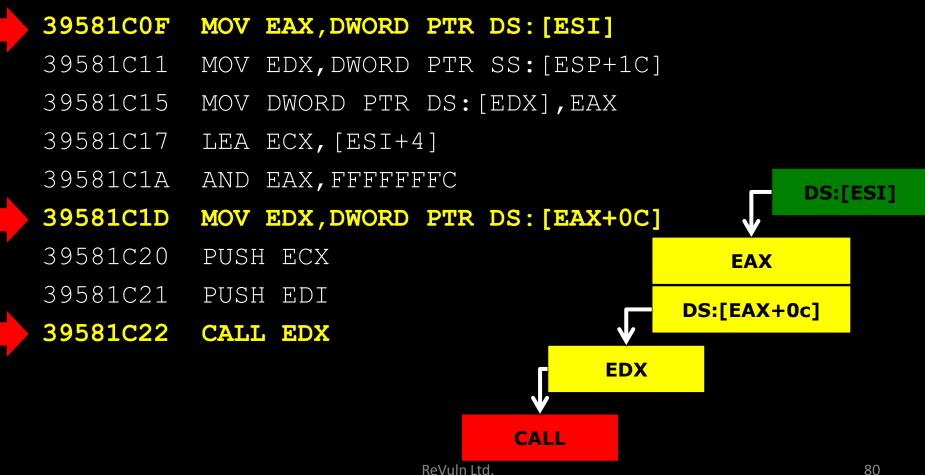
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Heap Overflow Via Fragmented Packets



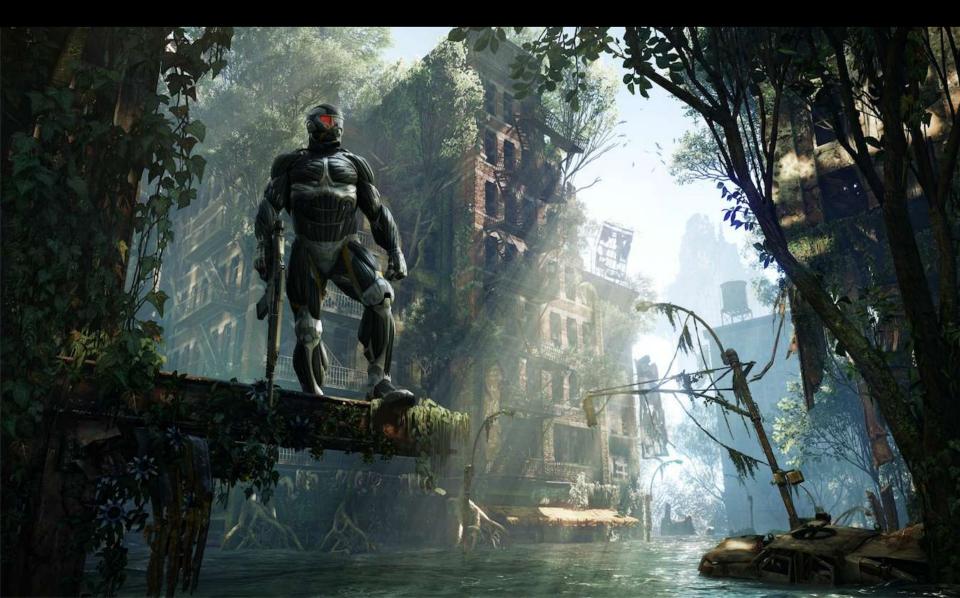
Heap Overflow **Via Fragmented Packets (O-day)**



DEMO-TIME



Conclusion



Conclusion

- Game engines are **crucial** for games
- Game engine issues affect sets of games
- Games are **no longer for kids**
- Master servers can be used to conduct distributed/targeted attacks against Companies or Players
- Game security is scary for players
- And awesome for Security Researchers :]

References

- A paper about engine bugs is available at:
 - http://revuln.com/files/ReVuln_Game_Engines_0days_tale.pdf

- Steam and Origin papers:
 - http://revuln.com/files/ReVuln_Steam_Browser_Protocol_Insecurity.pdf
 - http://revuln.com/files/ReVuln_EA_Origin_Insecurity.pdf

Thanks! Questions?

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